重度免疫不全マウスを用いた心筋梗塞モデル作製

Myocardial infarction model in severe combined immunodeficiency mice.



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Introduction

We created a myocardial infarction model in C57BL/6J-mice and attempted to measure cardiac function by echocardiography. Next, we created a myocardial infarction model using immunodeficient mice and confirmed the characteristic changes of the myocardial infarction model with and without immune function (NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice) compared with the myocardial infarction model of C57BL/6Jmice.



Materials

<Animals>

NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice: Male, Modeling: 12 weeks old

C57BL/6J-mice: Male, Modeling: 10 weeks old

<Experimental Groups>

Strain	Group	Number
NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice	Sham	3
NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice	Myocardial infarction	27
C57BL/6J-mice	Sham	6
C57BL/6J-mice	Myocardial infarction	31



Preparation

<Anesthetics>
Medetomidine hydrochloride 0.15 mg/kg+Midazolam 2.0 mg/kg
+Butorphanol tartrate 2.5 mg/kg, s.c.

<Antagonist>
Atipamezole hydrochloride 0.15 mg/kg, s.c.



Model making method

- Under anesthesia, an incision was made in the skin of the mice to expose the larynx, and an 18 or 20 G indwelling needle was orally inserted to ventilate with a small animal ventilator (Tidal volume: 200 μL/stroke, respiratory rate: 140 strokes/min) was started.
- 2. The chest side wall was opened to expose the heart, and the left anterior descending coronary artery was occluded using a 7-0 threaded suture needle.
- 3. The open intercostal space was closed with 6-0 silk thread and the skin at the incision was sutured.
- 4. In the sham group, the side wall of the chest was opened, the pericardium was incised to expose the heart, and then the chest was closed in the same manner as in the myocardial infarction group.



Inspection item

<Echocardiographic>

Machine : Universal ultrasonic diagnostic imaging apparatus

(ViVid S6, GE Healthcare Japan)

Inspection period : Day 1, 7, 14 and 28 after myocardial infarction

Measurement method: Under isoflurane anesthesia

Measurement item : EF, %FS, LVIDd, LVIDs, LVAWd, LVPWd, LVEDV, LVESV

<Myocardial infarction size>

Inspection period

Preparation specimen

Calculation method

: Day 28 after myocardial infarction

: Masson's trichrome (MT)-stained specimens

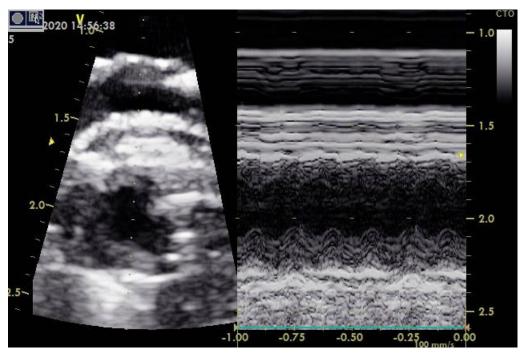
: Calculate the area ratio (%) of myocardial fibrosis to

the entire left ventricular wall

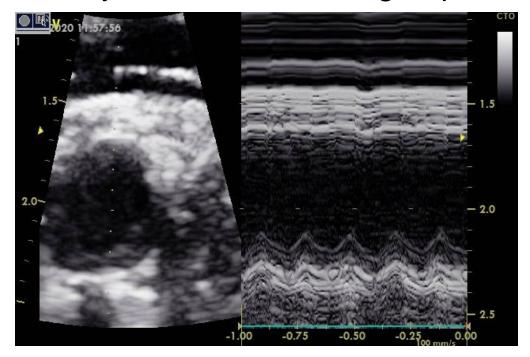
Typical example of echocardiographic

<NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice>

Day 28 Sham group



Day 28
Myocardial infarction group





Echocardiographic parameters

<NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice>

Group	No. of		EF (%)				%F	-S			LVIDd	(mm)		LVIDs (mm)				
	animals	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	
Sham	3	72.7 ±1.8	59.9 ±10.7	73.9 ±4.7	79.0 ±1.6	35.3 ±1.4	27.7 ±7.4	36.6 ±3.9	40.7 ±1.5	3.7 ±0.2	3.9 ±0.1	3.9 ±0.2	3.7 ±0.1	2.4 ±0.1	2.8 ±0.3	2.5 ±0.2	2.2 ±0.1	
Myocardial infarction	25	49.0 # ±2.9	41.8 +2.8	47.1 ## ±2.4	35.8 ## ±2.0 (24)	21.0 ## ±1.7	17.1 # ±1.4	19.7 ## ±1.4	14.0 ## ±0.9 (24)	3.7 ±0.1	4.4 ±0.1	4.6 # ±0.1	4.9 ## ±0.1 ⁽²⁴⁾	2.9 ±0.1	3.7 # ±0.1	3.7 ## ±0.1	4.2 ## ±0.1 (24)	

Group	No. of	LVAWd (mm)					LVPW	d (mm)			LVESV (ml)						(ml)	
	animals	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	
Sham	3	0.8 ±0.0	0.7 ±0.1	0.8 ±0.1	0.8 ±0.1	1.0 ±0.1	0.8 ±0.1	0.8 ±0.0	1.0 ±0.0	0.054 ±0.006	0.061 ±0.003	0.062 ±0.008	0.054 ±0.004	0.014 ±0.002	0.025 ±0.007	0.016 ±0.004	0.011 ±0.001	
Myocardial infarction	25	0.7 ±0.0	0.5 ±0.0	0.5 ## ±0.0	0.5 ## ±0.0 (24)	0.8 ±0.0	0.8 ±0.0	0.8 ±0.0	0.9 ±0.0 (24)	0.052 ±0.004	0.088 ±0.006	0.100 # ±0.006	0.124 ## ±0.008 (24)	0.027 ±0.003	0.053 ±0.006	0.054 # ±0.005	0.081 ## ±0.007 (24)	

Each value represents the mean±S.E.

Each figure in parenthesis represents the number of animals.

EF: ejection fraction, %FS: % fractional shortening, LVIDd: diastolic left ventricular internal dimension,

LVIDs: systolic left ventricular internal dimension, LVAWd: diastolic left ventricular anterior wall, LVPWd: diastolic left ventricular posterior wall,

LVEDV:left ventricular end-dyastolic volume, LVESV: left ventricular end-systolic volume

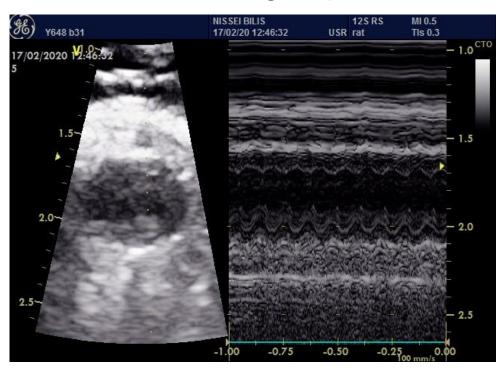
and ##: significant difference from sham at p<0.05 and p<0.01, respectively (Student's t-test or Aspin-Welch's t-test).



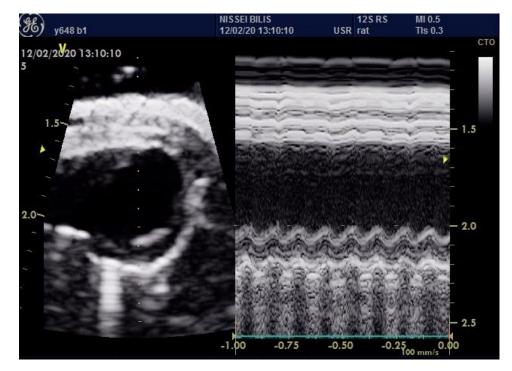
Typical example of echocardiographic

<C57BL/6J-mice>

Day 28 Sham group



Day 28 Myocardial infarction group





Echocardiographic parameters

<C57BL/6J-mice>

Group	No. of		EF (%)				%F	S			LVIDd (ı	mm)		LVIDs (mm)			
	animals	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28
Sham	6	78.5 ±2.3	84.2 ±1.2	82.5 ±1.6	83.0 ±1.2	40.4 ±2.1	46.1 ±1.4	44.3 ±1.7	44.8 ±1.4	3.6 ±0.0	3.7 ±0.1	3.7 ±0.1	3.6 ±0.2	2.1 ±0.1	2.0 ±0.1	2.0 ±0.1	2.0 ±0.1
Myocardial infarction	26	54.4 ## ±2.3			39.2 ## ±3.6 ⁽²⁵⁾	23.6 ## ±1.4			16.2 ## ±1.8 (25)	3.8 ±0.1	4.7 ## ±0.1 ⁽²⁵⁾	4.9 ## ±0.2 ⁽²⁵⁾	5.2 ## ±0.2 ⁽²⁵⁾	2.9 ## ±0.1	3.9 ## ±0.2 ⁽²⁵⁾		4.4 ## ±0.2 (25)

Group	No. of	LVAWd (mm)					LVPWd	(mm)			LVEDV	(ml)			LVESV (ml) y1 Day7 Day14 Day28			
	animals	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	Day1	Day7	Day14	Day28	
Sham	6	0.9 ±0.1	1.1 ±0.0	1.1 ±0.0	1.2 ±0.0	1.0 ±0.0	1.1 ±0.0	1.1 ±0.0	1.2 ±0.0	0.046 ±0.002	0.053 ±0.006	0.050 ±0.006	0.048 ±0.006	0.010 ±0.001	0.009 ±0.002	0.009 ±0.002	0.008 ±0.001	
Myocardial infarction	26	0.8 ±0.0	0.7 # ±0.0 (2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.7 ## 5) ±0.1 (25)	1.0 # ±0.0	0.9 ±0.0 (25)	1.0 # ±0.0 (25)	0.9 ## ±0.0 (25)	0.055 ±0.003	0.107 ## ±0.008 (25)		0.151 ## ±0.016 ⁽²⁵⁾	0.026 ## ±0.002			0.103 ## 0.015 (25)	

Each value represents the mean±S.E.

Each figure in parenthesis represents the number of animals.

EF: ejection fraction, %FS: % fractional shortening, LVIDd: diastolic left ventricular internal dimension,

LVIDs: systolic left ventricular internal dimension, LVAWd: diastolic left ventricular anterior wall, LVPWd: diastolic left ventricular posterior wall,

LVEDV:left ventricular end-dyastolic volume, LVESV: left ventricular end-systolic volume

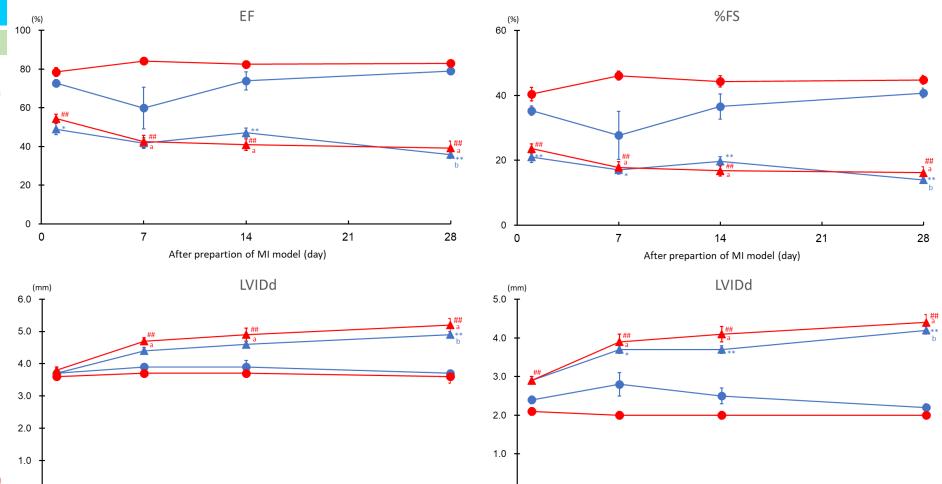
and ##: significant difference from sham at p<0.05 and p<0.01, respectively (Student's t-test or Aspin-Welch's t-test).



Echocardiographic parameters

- NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice: Sham (n=3)
- → NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice: MI (n=25)
- --- C57BL/6J-mice : Sham (n=6)
- → C57BL/6J-mice : MI (n=26)

MI: Myocardial infarction



0.0

28

Each value represents the mean $\pm\,\text{S.E.}$

a: n=25 b: n=24

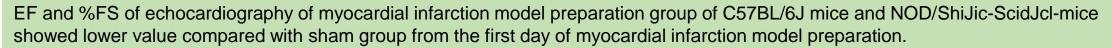
*p<0.05, **p<0.01 vs. NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice:sham

(Student's t-test or Aspin-Welch's t-test)

#p<0.05, ##p<0.01 vs. C57BL/6J-mice:sham

0.0

(Student's t-test or Aspin-Welch's t-test)



21

14

After prepartion of MI model (day)

In addition, EF, %FS, LVIDd and LVIDs remained approximately the same as on modeling day 7 to day 28.



28

14

After prepartion of MI model (day)

21

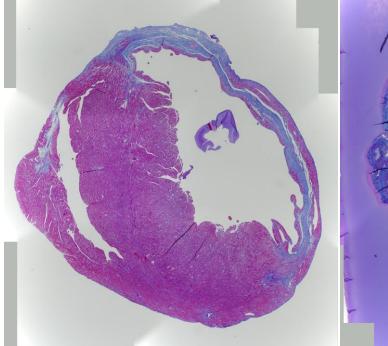
Infarct size of LV

<parameter>

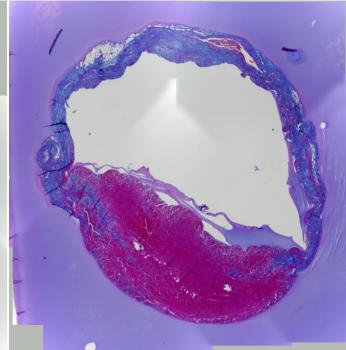
Infarct size ■ NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice: n=9 ■ C57BL/6J mice: n=10 50 40 20 10 myocardial infarction modle

Each value represents the mean \pm S.E.

<Typical example of specimen>







C57BL/6J-mice

Myocardial fibrosis area/Left ventricular area ratios were 50.2 \pm 4.5% in NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice and 48.0 \pm 7.0% in C57BL/6J-mice .



Discussion

It was possible to capture changes in cardiac function of myocardial infarction model mice over time.

In addition, there were no differences between NOD/ShiJic-ScidJcl-mice and C57BL/6J-mice in echocardiographic cardiac function measurements and cardiac fibrosis area ratio of the myocardial infarction model.

